Period _____

Date

Use a comma to separate an	introductory word,	phrase, or (clause from t	the rest o	of a
sentence. ,					

No, I did not see him.

Name _

When playing basketball, wear suitable shoes.

Because John could type, he was hired.

The comma may be omitted if there would be little pause in speaking: By then I will be done.

Use commas to set off words or groups of words that interrupt the flow of thought in a sentence.

The show, I believe, has been canceled. Betsy, however, was sure of the answer.

Some other examples of interrupters are *moreover*, *I* suppose, *I* think, nevertheless, on the other hand, and to tell the truth.

Use commas correctly. Put a comma wherever it is needed.

(Commas required in EVERY sentence.)

- 1. Yes the lemonade is free.
- 2. Before Jeff had been gone an hour he felt homesick.
- 3. Toads however have rougher skin.
- 4. Astronauts of course wear pressure suits.
- 5. Before you leave however you must sign this paper.
- 6. This coupon I'm afraid is no longer valid.
- 7. Nevertheless Calvin continued with his project.
- 8. After reading the fine print Kate refused to sign the contract.
- 9. While listening to the album Marty wrote the letter.
- 10. If the coat is on sale I will buy it.
- 11. Because of the thick fog the driver turned on the headlights.
- 12. When the field is muddy the game is somewhat slower.
- 13. The airport however sometimes closes when the weather is bad.
- 14. To be honest I don't think your idea will work.
- 15. This work I suppose will be acceptable to James.
- 16. Ever since she went to Georgia Alice has had a southern accent.
- 17. No that show is on tomorrow night.
- 18. Ms. Marshall I suppose will be the sponsor.
- 19. All right finish your story.
- 20. Skating around the corner Ron bumped into Jake.